

# Latin Final: May 26<sup>th</sup>

## Regular Verbs

Opto, Optare – to choose

1<sup>st</sup> conjugation

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

Audeo, Audēre – to dare

2<sup>nd</sup> conjugation

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

Lego, Legere – to read

3<sup>rd</sup> conjugation

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

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Facio, Facere – to complete

3<sup>rd</sup> -io conjugation

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

Servio, Servire – to serve

4<sup>th</sup> conjugation

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

## Irregular Verbs

Sum, Esse – to be

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

Eo, Ire – to go

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

## Compound Verbs

Possum, Posse – to be able

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

Exeo, Exire – to go out

Singular

Plural

1 <sup>st</sup>	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	

## Imperatives

S

PL

wait!

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Don't wait!

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

S

PL

Come!

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Don't come!

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Write the Latin Verb Form for each  
English Translation.

1. We lead \_\_\_\_\_
2. They dine \_\_\_\_\_
3. You ought \_\_\_\_\_
4. He kills \_\_\_\_\_
5. I go \_\_\_\_\_
6. You all flee \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) write the correct **INFINITIVE**.
- 2) **Translate** the sentence.

1. discipuli (to write) litteras non cupiunt.

**Infinitive** - \_\_\_\_\_

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2. femina (to wait for) filiam constituit.

**Infinitive** - \_\_\_\_\_

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## Give the Uses for the Latin Noun Cases

Nominative Case \_\_\_\_\_

Genitive Case \_\_\_\_\_

Dative Case \_\_\_\_\_

Accusative Case \_\_\_\_\_

Ablative Case \_\_\_\_\_

Vocative Case \_\_\_\_\_

Write down the **ENDINGS** for each **DECLENSION** of **NOUNS**

### 1<sup>st</sup> Declension

NOM		
GEN		
DAT		
ACC		
ABL		
VOC		

### 2<sup>nd</sup> Declension

NOM		
GEN		
DAT		
ACC		
ABL		
VOC		

### 3<sup>rd</sup> Declension

NOM		
GEN		
DAT		
ACC		
ABL		
VOC		

- 1) write the word in the correct **CASE**.
- 2) **Translate** the sentence.

### The Nominative Case

1. Magistri (tired) sunt.

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### The Genitive Case

2. (The boy's) tabula non hic est.

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### The Accusative Case

3. Quintus (good dog) habet.

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### The Ablative Case

4. Puellae ab (casa) festinant.

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## The Vocative Case

5. "(Argus), veni huc!"

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## Subjects and Objects

1. Horati\_\_\_\_\_ et Quint\_\_\_\_\_ ex agr\_\_\_\_\_ Arg\_\_\_\_\_ ducunt.

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2. Flavi\_\_\_\_\_ puer\_\_\_\_\_ et puell\_\_\_\_\_ mult\_\_\_\_\_ docet.

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3. Quint\_\_\_\_\_ amic\_\_\_\_\_ iuvat.

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## Fill-in the charts

**Greek**

**Roman**

	Mercury
Aphrodite	
Dionysus	
	Vulcan
	Juno
Athena	
	Vesta
Poseidon	
	Mars
Hades	
Artemis	
	Jupiter
Demeter	
	Apollo

## Familia Romana

**Latin**

**English**

Pater	
Mater	
Soror	
Avus	
Frater	
Avia	
Filius	
Filia	



Arabic Number

Roman Numeral

Latin Name

1	I	Unus
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Give the values for the following Roman Numerals

L =

C =

D =

M =

**Locate:**

1. Italy
2. Sicily
3. Spain
4. France
5. Greece
6. Mediterranean Sea
7. Africa
8. Germany
9. Asia Minor
10. Britain



1. List 3 ways a person could become a slave.
2. what were 5 common slave jobs?
3. what is a *pecūlium*?
4. what are *coloniae*?
5. List 5 typical jobs of a Roman farmer.
6. True or False. Market days were regular school holidays.
7. List three ways olives were used.
8. what does *nundinae* mean?

9. From what ages did Roman children attend primary school?
10. Name five subjects Roman children studied in school.
11. True or False. Greek slaves often taught Roman children.
12. Name two Roman school supplies.
13. Who was Quintus Horatius Flaccus? Which Emperor was he close friends with?
14. What is a freedman/freedwoman? How could slaves become free?
15. What were three common duties for Roman women/girls?
16. What was the most important function of women in the Roman society?

17. At what age was marriage legal for Roman girls?
18. At what age was marriage legal for Roman boys?
19. What are the three phases of Rome's government?
20. List three reasons for the decline of the Roman Empire?

## Iliad

\_\_\_\_\_, the goddess of discord, had not been invited to the wedding of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. She threw a \_\_\_\_\_, on which was written \_\_\_\_\_. The goddesses \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_ fought over this prize. \_\_\_\_\_ decided that the Trojan prince \_\_\_\_\_ should be the judge of this beauty contest. \_\_\_\_\_ chose \_\_\_\_\_ because she offered him \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ sailed to \_\_\_\_\_, left with \_\_\_\_\_, and brought her back to \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_, king of sparta, convinced his brother, \_\_\_\_\_ to go to war against the \_\_\_\_\_. Achilles, the bravest of heroes, hailed from \_\_\_\_\_. Odysseus came from \_\_\_\_\_.

For \_\_\_\_\_ years the Greeks besieged the city of \_\_\_\_\_, but they were not able to capture it. At last, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ have an argument over a slave girl. \_\_\_\_\_ is angry, and he no longer fights. Soon the \_\_\_\_\_ are conquering, the Greeks and setting fire to their ships.

\_\_\_\_\_, a dear friend of \_\_\_\_\_, joins the battle when \_\_\_\_\_ decides that he will no longer fight. When the \_\_\_\_\_ see \_\_\_\_\_ they are afraid, and they run back into the city. But \_\_\_\_\_ the bravest Trojan, calls \_\_\_\_\_ into battle, and he kills \_\_\_\_\_ with his spear.

\_\_\_\_\_, when he hears that \_\_\_\_\_ is dead, returns to the battle. \_\_\_\_\_ alone remains outside of the walls of Troy. His father \_\_\_\_\_ and his mother \_\_\_\_\_ beg him to come back into the city, but \_\_\_\_\_ does not listen to them.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ hurl \_\_\_\_\_ at each other, but finally \_\_\_\_\_ pierces \_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_, and he falls down to the ground dead. \_\_\_\_\_ then ties the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ to his \_\_\_\_\_ and drags him around the city walls.

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ mourn for a long time for their son. When night falls, \_\_\_\_\_ loads his wagon with a fabulous ransom and proceeds to the tent of \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_ is moved by pity, and he returns \_\_\_\_\_ to his father.

The Trojans have a feast and drink lots of wine. When night comes, the Trojan watchmen are asleep. The Greeks exit the \_\_\_\_\_ and kill them. The Greeks set the city on fire, and few Trojans escape. \_\_\_\_\_, the Trojan prince, his \_\_\_\_\_, and his \_\_\_\_\_ escape the flames and go to the \_\_\_\_\_.

Although Troy is completely destroyed, they have survived. \_\_\_\_\_ encourages them to found a new Troy. They board the ships and sail to unknown lands. After many hardships, they eventually land in \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_'s descendant, \_\_\_\_\_, founds the city of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year \_\_\_\_\_ BC

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___1. cena	A. Breakfast
___2. triclinium	B. Dining or sitting couches
___3. ientaculum	C. Office
___4. peristylum	D. Hallway
___5. lecti	E. Entrance/living room
___6. prandium	F. Bedrooms or small rooms
___7. cubicula	G. Dinner
___8. culina	H. Garden
___9. tablinum	I. Lunch
___10. atrium	J. Kitchen
___11. vestibulum	K. Dining room



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|--------------------------|--|
| _____ 1. toga            | A. Undergarment worn by men, women, and children |
| _____ 2. calcei/soleae   | B. A dress                                       |
| _____ 3. petasus         | C. Worn by male citizens only                    |
| _____ 4. stola           | D. Shoes   |
| _____ 5. tunica          | E. A hat   |
|                          |  |
| _____ 1. insulae         | A. Farm houses                                   |
| _____ 2. bibliotheca     | B. A shop or pub                                 |
| _____ 3. forum           | C. Temple  |
| _____ 4. thermae         | D. Large estate house                            |
| _____ 5. amphitheatrum   | E. Outdoor marketplace                           |
| _____ 6. taberna         | F. Library                                       |
| _____ 7. domus           | G. Senate house                                  |
| _____ 8. villae rusticae | H. Public baths                                  |
| _____ 9. templum         | I. Outdoor arena                                 |
| _____ 10. Curia          | J. Apartment buildings                           |